(XXXIXth YEAR.) THE (No. 1945.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, APRIL 22, 1784.

LONDON, *January* 19.

THE following is an extract of a letter received from Paris:

"A decree of the inquisition of Lisbon has positively forbid the construction of the aerostatic globes in the kingdom of Portugal, and what is still more severe, they command the Portugueze not even to speak of them under pain of incurring the indignation of that tribunal, and of experiencing the most rigorous exertion of its authority, as they consider that French invention to be the result of some commerce with the devil."

Jan. 21. Authentic letters from the factory at Senegal advise, that some English gentlemen have been near 150 leagues up the country, in search of natural curiosities, and that they had brought specimens of several valuable plants, among others that called the Vereck, or white gum tree, which the Moors and Arabs, who know neither how to sow or reap, live upon during their long journies. This gum is likely to prove a valuable article of commerce, being of great use in giving a body to silks, cottons, &c. The Fren[illegible] have lately imported great quantities of it, and it has been calculated to be an object of £. 262,555 per annum to Europe, and therefore of more consequence than either the negro or gold trade.

Jan. 23. Letters from Antigua declare, that the Caribbes at St. Vincent, being joined by a large body of savages from the neighbouring islands, had on the 17th of November last risen upon the European inhabitants, and destroyed several plantations on the south of the island; but that the militia having been immediately embodied, put a stop to the ravages of the insurgents, who had retired to the woods.

The empress of Russia has offered the king of Spain the vast sum of a million and a half sterling for the island of Minorca, and 5000 tons of hemp, per annum, for ten years, for the Spanish navy: the ministry of Madrid are all for accepting the offer, but the king is against it; however, he has not given a positive negative. The French ambassador was highly alarmed at the offer.

Extract of a letter from Bath, January 14.

"I have just been to see a young Irish giant, just arrived here from that kingdom. He says he is seventeen years of age, and being quite beardless, I suppose he cannot be more; but he is full eight feet high, and has a sister of fourteen, who is six feet seven inches, yet his elder brother is much under six feet, but his grandfather was nine feet high. Considering his height, he is rather thin and narrow over the chest, but his legs, feet, and hands, are of an astonishing magnitude. I did not see him measured; but when a gentleman 6 feet three inches high held his arm strait up, and his fingers pointed, they seemed on a level with the giant's head. He proposes to pass through London, in his way to Paris. What is singular is, that I who have seen many giants in this and other kingdoms, have observed that they have all a strong *face* resemblance."

Letters from Paris say, that mons. Pelatre du Rozier, the first aerial navigator, is gone to Lyons, in order to sail up above the clouds with mons. de Montgolfier, who is about taking his flight for Paris, distant 300 miles from the above city. They are to be accompanied by two noblemen of the first distinction. Their travelling machine, which is to be launched up in a few days, measures 100 feet in diameter, and upon an average will be able to carry ten passengers, with their necessary provisions.

Vast preparations are making at Petersburg in the balloon way, for celebrating the empress's birth day. Twenty large balloons, in different shapes, are to be suspended in the air, at a certain height from the ground, all illuminated with various colours, and having festoons of fire works from one to the other. The spectacle is expected to be the most striking and magnificent that ever was exhibited in the world. Artists are engaged at Paris for the executing some, and instructing Russians for others.

The East-India gazette, which apprises us of the state of the army in that part of our dominions, is too melancholy to be long dwelt upon——fatigue and disease in their most poignant degree, seem to have infested the whole, and with equal joy the English and the French commanders seem to have received the news of the peace by the readiness with which they concurred in the exchange of prisoners, even before any official notice of it had arrived.

Upon making up the war account, it appears France is indebted to this nation for the maintenance of 32,600 prisoners, taken during the war.

SALEM, *March* 18.

By the arrival of captain Grafton, from the Havanna, mentioned in our last, we are informed, that the Spanish government is extremely rigorous in executing its commercial edicts; several persons (among whom are one or two Americans) detected in the breach of them, having been sentenced to three years slavery in Vera Cruz.

Among the prohibited articles, at the Havanna, the produce of the United States is included. Several vessels, with flour, which arrived there some time ago, were neither allowed to sell their cargoes nor to carry them away, till it should be known that a sufficient supply was received, or like to be received from Spain.

On Tuesday last, the ship Grand Turk, captain S. Williams, arrived here from the West-Indies, but last from Martha's Vineyard, which he left on Saturday last, in company with about fourteen sail, four of which were of this port, and the rest for Boston, Newbury-Port, and Portsmouth. A great part of them have been detained at the Vineyard, by the late severe frost, for upwards of two months. Captain Simpson died about three or four weeks ago. He belonged to Portsmouth, and his corpse was kept on board the ship, agreeable to his desire, till her arrival at that port, which was the beginning of this week.

BOSTON, *March* 22.

Wednesday last being assigned by the honourable house of representatives, to take into consideration the recommendation of congress respecting the admission of refugees, a person unknown delivered into the hands of the messenger of the house, a number of hand-bills, containing the resolutions of the town of New-Haven, in the state of Connecticut, to be by him brought into the house. The representatives of the people of this state had too much sensibility not to feel themselves affronted at an indecency of this nature, and therefore ordered the hand bills to be burnt, and directed the messenger to take the person who offered them, that he might be committed for the contempt; but he absconded.

March 27. His excellency the governor, has been pleased to prorogue the honourable the general court of this commonwealth. Before the prorogation a committee of both houses were appointed, to enquire into the existence, nature, object and probable tendency or effect of an order or society, called the Cincinnati. After mature deliberation, and for divers reasons, set forth in nine articles,—the committee have reported it as their opinion, "That the said society, called the Cincinnati, is unjustifiable, and if not properly discountenanced, may be dangerous to the peace [illegible] and safety of the United States in general, and this commonwealth in particular. The committee also report as their opinion, that it is proper the further consideration of measures suitable and necessary to be taken, with respect to the society of the Cincinnati, be referred to the next sitting of the general court." The above report was read and accepted by the two houses, the 23d instant.

HARTFORD, *March* 29.

Hebron, February 15.

"This day departed this life, Mrs. Lydia Peters, wife of colonel John Peters, and second daughter of Joseph Phelps, Esq; She was married at the age of 15, and lived with her consort three times 15 years, and had 15 living children, 13 now alive, and the youngest 15 years old; she hath had three times 15 grand children; she was sick 15 months, and died the 15th day of the month, aged four times 15 years.

NEW-YORK, *April* 8.

The legislature of South-Carolina at their present session, have passed an act vesting Congress with power to levy the five per cent. duty. Also, to regulate the West-India trade; to take off duties on American produce. They have revised their confiscation act, and agreed to grant

29 estates, free;

69 ditto on the amerciament of twelve per cent. on the value of the estates;

33 ditto on the amerciament of twelve per cent. The proprietors being disqualified for seven years, from holding any office civil or military.

They have passed a tax bill, providing funds for raising

£. 35,441 sterling, their quota to Congress;

£. 9,808 ditto, their civil list:

£. 71,632 ditto, to pay the interest of their state debt; the two first payable in gold or silver; the last to be paid by the interest of their treasury indents to sink the same.

Last Monday the British packet Shelburne, captain Bull, arrived here in 9 days from Charleston, with the British November mail, destined for this city, but prevented by extreme bad weather from arrival, and put into Charleston harbour, South-Carolina.

TRENTON, *April* 6.

On Monday the 22d of March the ice in the Susquehanna, opposite Wyoming, broke up: on the night following it jammed below the inhabitants, and by the back water overflowed a very considerable extent of country. It rose not less than 20 feet higher than was ever known before. The torrent swept away at Lashawane, Wintermouth, Jacob and Corbin's Ruins, Kingston, Shawane and Nanticoke about 130 dwelling houses, with the greater part of the stock, grain, houshold furniture and implements of husbandry. No lives were lost except one young man of the name of Jackson. By this terrible disaster about 400 persons have been reduced to poverty and wretchedness, many of whom must, unless speedily relieved, perish by famine. The gentleman who gave us this account saw some of the miserable inhabitants digging dead hogs from among the ruins for their subsistence.

PHILADELPHIA, *April* 10.

Extract of a letter from London, dated November 14, 1783.

"Your envoys, Messieurs Adams and Jay, arrived here two or three days ago, for the purpose of entering into a commercial treaty with Great-Britain—they are treated with great respect and attention, which affords a striking picture of the fall of pride and oppression, and the change of all human affairs."

At a meeting of the inhabitants of the town of Boston, legally assembled the 15th of March, a letter from the chairman of the committee of the towns of Wrentham and Medway was read, proposing a meeting of the county, to take into consideration the act of commutation, and the power granted by the state of Massachusetts to congress to levy the five per cent. impost; which those towns consider as grievances.

The selectmen of Boston, in answer, after expressing their disapprobation of these measures, conclude as follows:

"With respect to the subject of your letter, commutation, and the act of the state on the impost, we must take the liberty to express our entire disapprobation of your intended endeavours, as they seem clearly to us, to be not only vain but very unjust. Why should we wish to keep from the officers of our army the hard earned reward they may receive from the commutation? It was promised most solemnly by congress in the hour of danger. It was then approved of by the people, and ought on every equitable principal to be made good in this day of peace, a peace obtained by the perilous exertions of these very men (in conjunction with our magnanimous allies) who are to receive the pittance, and a pittance it is, when we consider the money they realize from this mighty boon, will not make good their arrearages of their pay; and although your towns, and the towns of the selectmen whose advice you follow, may be averse to the commutation, yet we presume they will not deny the justice of pay for the time they were in actual service: if they will then raise immediately as much money as will pay their proportion of only two thirds of the arrearages due to the officers,—with this money they may purchase the amount of the whole, and the commutation into the bargain. This we think the only way for those who say they are aggrieved to settle the matter. For if the states were able to prevent paying it (and could be once so lost to a sense of justice and honour as to desire it) the commutation is so wisely blended with the national debt, that all the county conventions upon the face of the earth could not make the distinctions. If therefore there are any who have the ability, but want the honesty to contribute their proportion, they must set down contented, for in our opinion it is out of their power to prevent it.

With respect to the impost, we are of opinion that if we ever mean to be a nation we must give power to congress, and funds too; for without them we can never pay our debts, and without a just payment of our debts, in what other light can we possibly be viewed by the world in general, and every honest man in particular, than that of bankruptcy or knavery? The former is by no means the case, for we are rich in resources, and want only the will to bring them out; and we trust the latter will never be justly charged to the United States.

We therefore desire, as far as this town has a voice in the county, that the proposed convention may never meet; but if they should, we hope they will so far consider the justice and propriety of submitting to those acts which they now complain of as a grievance, as cheerfully to acquiesce in them; and that they will then separate, without taking any step that may eventually tend to bring this country into contempt; for if they should we shall be constrained, as in duty bound, solemnly to protest against them.

By order and in behalf of the town,

WM. COOPER, town clerk.

April 13. A letter from Dublin, dated the 1st of January, says, that the river Liffey was frozen over so hard, as to admit boys skaiting on it; the like has not been seen for a long time.

The general court of the commonwealth of Massachusetts bay, at their last sitting, passed an act for the appointing and empowering commissioners, on the part of that state, in conjunction with such as are or may be appointed by the state of New-York, to ascertain the boundary line between the two states, eastward of Hudson's river.

By a vessel arrived here on Sunday last from the Havanna, we learn, that an order was issued on the 23d of February, requiring all Americans and vessels belonging to Americans to leave the island before the 1st of April: It is also added that no vessels from the United States, will be admitted till further notice.

Extract of a letter from a merchant in Jamaica to his correspondent in Boston, dated February 20.

"You cannot conceive, my friend, the embarrassments we labour under from the want of the produce of your country. The people here are continually cursing first the king, then the ministry, and lastly the governor. The madness and folly of England, tho' conspicuous for several years past, never appeared so openly as in the present prohibition. What the consequences will be, God only knows."

CHARLESTON, *(S. Carolina.) March* 23.

Saturday afternoon a most uncommon but melancholy accident happened at Athly-Ferry. As Mr. Frazier, with 72 negroes belonging to Mr. Thomas Elliot, and a negro and horse, the owner not known, and a negro boy belonging to Mr. Frazier, were crossing the river, nearly in the middle, the boat separated in two, by which 48 of Mr. Elliot's negroes, the negro and

horſe, together with Mr. Frazier's boy, were drowned, and Mr. Frazier (the owner of the ferry) very narrowly eſcaped, being taken out of the water by Mr. Clancy.

HALIFAX, *(N. Carolina) March* 13.

By a gentleman from the weſtward, we are informed, that general Rutherford, with a conſiderable company of volunteers, who had made an excurſion towards the Miſſiſſippi, with a view to make ſome diſcoveries on the weſtern waters, were ſurpriſed by the Indians, and totally defeated. The general himſelf it is ſaid, has loſt his life among theſe unfortunate men, whoſe only view was to acquire a vaſt territory without bloodſhed.

March 18. On the day of our election was held out to the multitude as a ſhow, a human being! A male child of the moſt prodigious weight, and gigantic ſize, the imagination can poſſibly figure. It was only three years and a few days old, and weighed one hundred and ſixteen pounds.

ANNAPOLIS, *April* 22.

The brig Freedom, arrived at Philadelphia the 11th ult. ſailed from London the 24th of January, at which time there was much ice in the Thames, and, from the extreme hard weather which immediately followed, it was thought no veſſels could leave the river for ſome weeks, the froſt having, by all accounts, proved uncommonly ſevere in moſt parts of Europe.

The Olive Branch, Davies, from Virginia, arrived in the Thames the middle of January.—On the 2d of that month, lat. 49 ½. long. 19. ſpoke the Nancy, Douglas, from Glaſgow to Virginia, all well, ſeven days out.

Sir Guy Carleton arrived in London from New-York, the 15th of January.

Extracts from the inſtructions of the freeholders and freemen of Northampton county, North-Carolina, to their repreſentatives in the general aſſembly of that ſtate, on the 11th of March, 1784.

"A character of honeſty and probity being as eſſential to the proſperity of a nation as to an individual, we hope that the faith of the ſtate will for ever remain inviolate; and earneſtly recommend a ſtrict compliance with the articles of peace betwixt the United States of America, and the king of Great-Britain.

"We make no doubt but the trade and population of this ſtate will have due attention paid to them by the general aſſembly, and hope that the moſt liberal laws may be paſſed to encourage merchants, traders and emigrants of all nations, to take up their reſidence among us, not excluding even thoſe called refugees, from this and the neighbouring ſtates; excepting only ſuch as, by the enormity of their crimes, have become the enemies of all ſocieties. We are very ſenſible that many are under apprehenſion of miſchief from the admiſſion of the refugees, and it muſt certainly originate either from timidity, or a baſe ſelfiſhneſs; but we can ſee no foundation for any ſuch alarm, as we never dreaded them when in a body, and ſupported by the arms of Great-Britain, we think it weak and abſurd to do ſo, when they ſhall be ſcattered and ſettled among us. In this caſe, to fear them would be to argue a want of confidence in ourſelves, and a ſuppoſition, that by their inſinuations, our fellow-citizens could be prevailed on to embroil this ſtate, and overturn that liberty, for which we have expended ſo much treaſure, and ſhed ſo much blood. The thought of it is too degrading to find admiſſion in our breaſts. On the contrary, as numbers of them are men of probity, honour and fortune, we have no doubt but their admiſſion would greatly tend to increaſe the commerce and ſtrength of the ſtate. On this occaſion, we are actuated as much by humanity as policy, for we cannot without pain reflect on the diſtreſs and miſery of ſo many of our fellow-citizens, againſt moſt of whom no other crime can be deduced, but a difference of ſentiments on a great political queſtion.

"As to the monies which have been paid into our treaſury by individuals indebted to Britiſh merchants, and which are demanded by the articles of peace, juſtice certainly requires the ſtate to pay no more than the value of the ſums when received, ſettled by the ſcale of depreciation, and that the balance ſhould be made good by the reſpective debtors.

"We recommend a ſtrict and ready compliance with all ſuch requiſitions of Congreſs, as that honourable body, conſiſtent with the powers veſted in them by the federal union, ſhall make. For by refuſals or delays, we not only place Congreſs in a humiliating and unfavourable point of view in the eyes of foreigners, but weaken ourſelves as a nation, and become contemptible, in the ſame degree that we wantonly and abſurdly diſtreſs the head of our political exiſtence."

By the UNITED STATES in CONGRESS aſſembled, April 15, 1784.

Congreſs reſumed the conſideration of the report on the letter of 24th March from major-general baron Steuben, and thereupon

RESOLVED, That the reſignation of baron Steuben, late inſpector-general and major-general, be accepted.

That the thanks of the United States in Congreſs aſſembled be given to baron Steuben, for the great zeal and abilities he has diſcovered in the diſcharge of the ſeveral duties of his office; that a gold hilted ſword be preſented to him as a mark of the high ſenſe Congreſs entertain of his character and ſervices, and that the ſuperintendent of finance take order for procuring the ſame.

On the report of a committee to whom was referred a letter of 19th March, from major-general baron Steuben, late inſpector-general, informing that he had appointed major North inſpector to the troops under the command of general Knox,

RESOLVED, That Congreſs approve of and confirm the appointment of major William North, as inſpector to the troops remaining in the ſervice and pay of the United States.

CHARLES THOMSON, ſecretary.

Extracts from the journal of Congreſs.

Feb. 27. Whereas the United States in Congreſs aſſembled are well informed, and entertain a juſt ſenſe of the great bravery, intelligence, zeal and activity manifeſted during the courſe of the late war with Great-Britain, by brigadier general Armand, marquis de Rouerie, in the ſervice of the United States: And whereas it alſo appears by a letter from the late commander in chief, dated at Philadelphia, 15th December, 1783, addreſſed to the ſaid general Armand, that ſuperadded to general merit for good conduct, vigilance and bravery, general Armand has in a variety of inſtances, particularly ſignalized himſelf as an excellent officer and great partizan, and frequently rendered the United States very valuable ſervices;

Reſolved, That the preſident write a letter to general Armand, marquis de la Rouerie, expreſſive of the high ſenſe Congreſs are impreſſed with, of the ſervices he has rendered the United States in the courſe of the late war with Great Britain, and of the entire approbation the United States in Congreſs aſſembled entertain of his bravery, activity and zeal, ſo often evidenced in the cauſe of America.

March 1. A letter of 31ſt January, from J. Bartlett, preſident P. T. ſtate of New-Hampſhire, was read, and alſo an incloſed copy of an act paſſed by the ſaid ſtate, January 1ſt and 2d, 1784, entitled, "An act for granting to the United States in Congreſs aſſembled, certain impoſts and duties upon foreign goods imported into this ſtate, and for the purpoſe of paying the principal and intereſt of the debt contracted in the proſecution of the late war with Great-Britain."

To be SOLD, at the POST-OFFICE,

A NUMBER of books both in French and Engliſh, amongſt which are the following:

Rouſſeau's works complete, in 29 vols. elegantly bound and gilt.

The Britiſh Poets, in 42 vols. neatly printed on a fine paper, containing the works of Milton, Butler, Cowley, Waller, Dryden, Garth, Prior, Pope, Gay, Swift, Addiſon, Young, Parnell, Thompſon, Akenſide, Shenſtone, and Gray.

Voltaire's works complete, in 52 vols.

Charles county, April 6, 1784.

On Thurſday the 6th of May next, if fair, if not on the next fair day, will be ſold to the higheſt bidder,

THE ſubſcriber's dwelling plantation, lying about ſix miles below Piſcataway, and on the main road leading from that place to Port-Tobacco. It contains about 580 acres. The ſoil is of the firſt quality. There is about 60 acres of fine meadow ground, a few of which have been cleared. The improvements are, a tolerable dwelling houſe, all the neceſſary out-houſes, an exceeding good apple orchard, &c. Poſſeſſion will be given next Chriſtmas, and credit from that time for three years, upon paying one third annually.

SAMUEL HANSON, of Samuel.

Annapolis, April 19, 1784.

To be SOLD,

A TRACT of land, lying in Tulley's Neck, Queen-Anne's county, containing 1100 acres, divided and rented out at preſent in 3 tenements; it will be ſold ſeparately, in tenements, or all together; it is good farming land, wooded and watered, with a fine bottom of a mile and a half extent running through the land, capable of being improved into fine meadow, in a good neighbourhood, convenient to court and mills, and diſtant from the court-houſe ſix, and from Cheſtertown twelve miles. Any perſon inclined to purchaſe may be informed of the terms, which will be eaſy, by applying to Mr. William Ringgold, of Cheſter-town, or the ſubſcriber. 3w

JAMES RINGGOLD.

Annapolis, April 18, 1784.

LOST, by the ſubſcriber, on Sunday evening, between this city and Mr. Taylor's, a SILVER WATCH, maker's name H. Mighills, London, No. 2394, with a pinchbeck chain, a ſeal and key. Whoever has found the ſame and will deliver it to Meſſieurs Claude and French, watch-makers in Weſt-ſtreet, ſhall receive a reward of four dollars, and no queſtions aſked.

EZEKIEL ORME.

Annapolis, April 21, 1784.

ALL perſons having claims againſt the eſtate of captain Robert Dashiell, late of this city, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their accounts legally proved, for ſettlement, as I intend removing from this place in one month from this time. w3

SARAH DASHIELL.

April 20, 1784.

CARELESS.

STANDS this ſeaſon at Weſt River, and will cover at ſix dollars a mare, and one dollar to the groom, provided the money is paid when the mare is firſt covered, or at three pounds and one dollar on credit.

Careleſs was got by colonel Baylor's Fearnought, his dam by Dove, his grand dam by Othello, his great-grand dam by Old Spark, out of the high bred imported mare Queen Mab, the dam of Pacolet.

Good paſturage for mares at two ſhillings and ſixpence per week, but will not be anſwerable for eſcapes or other accidents. 5w

THOMAS GIBBS.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

April 21, 1784.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living five miles from Annapolis, and one from South river ferry, in Anne Arundel county, on the 20th of July laſt, a ſlim negro fellow named WILL, twenty-two years of age, five feet ſix inches high, long legs, has a ſmall ſcar on his right cheek, ſtutters very much. I have heard he has loſt ſome of his upper fore teeth; he has been examined ſeveral times, and always changes his name and maſter; the laſt maſter I heard he owned was Thomas Gray, in Calvert county. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid fellow, ſo that the owner may get him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges if brought home, paid by 3w

MORDECAI STEWART.

TAKEN up as a ſtray, by William Phelps, living on the north ſide of Severn, about three miles above the ferry, a cheſnut ſorrel coloured ſhe MULE, ſhe has no perceivable brand or mark. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges. w3

THE JOCKEY CLUB PURSE of SIXTY GUINEAS will be run for at Annapolis, on the third Tueſday in May next, heats, weights, &c. as uſual.

N. B. The gentlemen who neglected paying their ſubſcriptions laſt fall, are deſired to ſend them in before the race, as a few guineas are wanted to make up the purſe.

April 5, 1784.

To be SOLD,

THE ſubſcriber's dwellings, with three hundred and twenty acres of land, within one mile of the town of Upper Marlborough, in Prince-George's county; they are pleaſantly ſituated, conſiſting of two brick dwelling houſes with a paſſage betwixt and a brick kitchen adjoining, all two ſtories high; they are very commodious, with great conveniencies ſuitable for a genteel family; there are all other neceſſary out houſes, ſuch as a waſhhouſe, negro quarter, corn houſe, barn, chaiſe houſe, and ſtables for twelve horſes, the whole being built within the ſpace of ten or twelve years; the land is well adapted for farming, having plenty of meadow and good grazing grounds with fine ſprings of water; there are about three hundred bearing apple trees, beſides fruit trees of ſeveral ſorts. The premiſes may be viewed at any time, and terms made known by applying to

JOHN READ MAGRUDER.

A PETITION will be preſented to the general aſſembly of this ſtate, at their next ſeſſion, to paſs an act empowering the reverend Mr. James Hunt and the reverend Stephen B. Balch, or either of them, to convey to William Deakins, jun. a certain lot of ground adjoining George-town, called the Church of Scotland Lot, formerly conveyed by colonel George Beall, to the reverend James Hunt and his ſucceſſors, for the uſe of the preſbyterian ſociety of the church of Scotland.

Annapolis, April 14, 1784.

Juſt imported in the ſhip Liberty, captain William Outram, from London, and to be ſold at wholeſale and retail by the ſubſcribers, at their ſtore in the large brick building on the front of the dock, next door to Mr. John Davidſon's ſtore,

A VERY large and general aſſortment of European goods, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, among which are a very great variety of the neateſt and moſt faſhionable coloured ſilks, which will be diſpoſed of upon very reaſonable terms. 6w

THOMAS and BENJAMIN HARWOOD.

Belvoir, April 10, 1784.

To be SOLD CHEAP for ready caſh,

A TRACT of land called Timberland, containing two hundred and five acres; it lies in Frederick county, on Kittocton creek, about twelve miles from Frederick-town; the ſoil is good, and it is well watered and loaded with fine timber, no ſettlement having been made upon it.

Any perſon deſirous of becoming a purchaſer, may know the terms and get further information on application to John Roſh Key, Eſq; on Pipe creek, or the ſubſcriber near Annapolis. 4w

U. SCOTT.

Annapolis, April 14, 1784.

WILLIAMS and NETH,

Have juſt imported in the ſhip Liberty, captain Outram, from London, and opened for ſale at their ſtore on the dock,

AN aſſortment of goods ſuited to the preſent and approaching ſeaſons, which they will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable terms for caſh, good bills of exchange on London, or tobacco of late inſpection at approved warehouſes.

They have alſo for ſale as uſual, Jamaica ſpirit, Weſt-India and New-England rum by the hogſhead, barrel, or gallon, Madeira wine, white and brown Spaniſh and muſcovado ſugars by the box, barrel, or ſmaller quantity, coffee, rice, &c. &c.

March 9, 1784.

BURNT out of gaol the 4th of this inſtant, a likely young negro fellow named WILL, the property of Mr. Phil. Briſcoe, who was committed to my cuſtody for want of ſecurity, the peace being ſworn againſt him, the cloaths he had on are to me unknown, but he had round his neck when he made his eſcape a pair of pot-hooks with a long chain faſtened to them, and a pair of hand cuffs on. I have been informed that he was once in Alexandria gaol as a runaway. Any perſon who apprehends the ſaid negro and brings him to me ſhall receive twenty dollars reward, paid by

CHARLES MANKIN.

Calvert county, March 25, 1784.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the ſubſcriber intends petitioning the general aſſembly, at their next ſeſſion, for an act to empower her to ſell part of the real eſtate of captain Richard Parran, to diſcharge his debts.

SARAH PARRAN, adminiſtratrix.

THERE is at the manor of Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, on Elk-Ridge, in Anne-Arundel county, taken up as a ſtray, a black HORSE, about ſix or ſeven years old, about fourteen hands high, trots and canters, no perceivable brand, was low in fleſh, and ſhod all round. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges. 3 w

March 11, 1784.

CHATHAM,

WILL ſtand this ſeaſon at my plantation, in Prince-George's county, and will cover at ſix pounds, and one dollar to the groom. His ſire was Regulus, who was got by Fearnought, who was got by Martindale's Regulus, who was got by the Godolphin Arabian; his dam was Ebony, who was got by Othello on Selima, who was got by the Godolphin Arabian. Paſturage at three ſhillings per week. Care will be taken of the mares ſent, but eſcapes and accidents muſt be at the riſk of the owners.

HUMPHREY BELT.

N. B. The money muſt be paid before the mares are taken away, and credit on no account will be admitted.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Poſt-office, Annapolis, which if not taken up before the fifth day of July next, will be ſent to the general poſt-office as dead letters.

JOHN ANDERSON, Port-Tobacco; John Joſeph Abert, Frederick-town; James A[illegible], John Aſhton, Annapolis.

Ignatius B. Brooke, Charles county; James Brehon, St. Mary's county; Joſeph Boteler, jun. Prince-George's county; Henry Bell, Sinepuxent; John Buckingham, Calvert county; Baſil Browne (3), Queen-Anne's county; J. Beale Bordley, Wye river; Mr. Bartholemew, Annapolis.

John Chapman, Dr. Guſtavus B. Campbell, Charles county; James Lloyd Chamberlaine, Talbot county; Thomas Contee (2), Patuxent; Levinus Clarkſon, Robert Cruickſhanks, Cheſter town; Richard Chew, Maryland; John Chaires, Queen-Anne's county; John Crages, Rockhall ferry; Monſieur Carolle, Daniel Carroll, Annapolis.

Alexander Doyle, Port-Tobacco; John [illegible]er, Thomas Duckett, Prince-George's county; M. H. Duval, Queen-Anne's county; Thomas Cleverly Dare, Hunting creek; John Davidſon, major John Davidſon, Annapolis.

Joſeph Eſſex, Hunting creek.

Abraham Fiſher, Prince-George's county; Joſeph Frazir, Herring-bay; Philip Feddeman, Queen Anne's county; Robert Freeland, Hunting creek; major David S. Franks, Annapolis.

Dr. James Gordon, John Goldſborough, Dorcheſter county; captain Garrett, John Galliway, Cheſter-town; Dr. James Gray, Calvert county; William Gray, Hunting creek; Dr. Thomas Gantt, Weſt river; Anne Griffith, Pig-point; Judith Gunby (2), Benjamin Gravel, Annapolis.

Richard Harris, Benjamin Harris, Thomas Hollandſhead, William Harris, Hunting creek; George Holliday, Pig-point; Meſſieurs John Harriſon and Bowie (2), Patuxent; William Harwood, Edward Hall, jun. Sarah Hall, Queen-Anne's county; Thomas Harwood 3d (3), Lower Marlborough; Anthony Hardey, Benedict Herdey, Prince-George's county; Richard Hopkins, ſon of Johns, South river; John Hargrave, Sinepuxent; Elizabeth Hopkins, Cheſter-town; colonel Haman, brigadier-general Moſes Hazen, Nicholas Hannah, Annapolis; John Holladay, Pig-point.

Lewis Jones, William Johnſton, Pig-point; John Ireland, Hunting creek; Betty Jones, Somerſet county; Thomas Jenings, Annapolis.

Thomas Lynes, Calvert county; Monſieur Samuelle Lanne, Patuxent; Winifred Anne Lanham, Prince-George's county; John Lanſdale, jun. William Loggan, Annapolis.

Dr. Annals Martin, Talbot court-houſe; Benjamin Mackall, Holland's-point; John Meara, Annapolis.

Joſeph Nicholſon, ſen. Cheſter-town; captain John Nicholſon, Queen-Anne's county; captain William North, Annapolis.

Patrick O'Connor, Richard Owen, Annapolis.

Charles Philipſhill, Somerſet county; Robert Proſſor, James Pearſe, Annapolis.

Edward Reynolds, Patuxent; William Richardſon, Gilpin-point; William Reaſon, George-town, eaſtern ſhore; John Rogers, Annapolis.

John Suter, St. Mary's county; Elizabeth Smith, Mary Stallion, Calvert county; Thomas Smyth, William Sluby, Cheſter-town; John Stewart, Somerſet county; Thomas Stone, Port-Tobacco; Iſaac Simmons, Herring-bay; Meſſieurs James Stewart and Dick, John Van Seets, major general Smallwood (2), major-general John Sullivan, Anthony Stewart, Annapolis.

Michael Taney, Calvert county; captain James Tucker, Weſt river; Richard Thompſon, Annapolis.

Samuel T. Wright, Queen Anne's county; James Welſh, Sinepuxent; Nicholas Walſh (2), captain Samuel Williams (2), Charles Wharton, John Welſh (2), Annapolis.

F. GREEN, D. P. M.

April 10, 1784.

I HEREBY give notice, that I intend to petition the general aſſembly of this ſtate, at their next ſeſſion, to paſs an act to lay out into lots twenty-five acres of land, part of a tract called Conjurers Diſappointment, as an addition to George-town.

WILLIAM DEAKINS, jun.

TAKEN up as a ſtray, by Samuel Poole, living near the Head of South river, in Anne-Arundel county, a ſmall red and white heifer, no perceivable mark. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges. 3

To be SOLD, or rented by the year, and entered on immediately,

THE houſes and lot belonging to the ſubſcriber, in Annapolis; the dwelling houſe is large and commodious, containing four rooms, a paſſage, and a light cloſet on a floor, two of the rooms are very elegant; there are good cellars, a kitchen and other offices under it, and adjoining to the houſe is a building, containing an excellent kitchen, laundry and pantry, and very good rooms above them for ſervants, and cellars below. There is alſo on the ſame lot, a coach houſe, ſtable, dairy, and meat houſe, and a large ſtrong warehouſe, which would make it convenient for a perſon in trade.

Alſo to be rented, the houſe and lot, lately in poſſeſſion of Clement Holliday, Eſq; it is a handſome building, beautifully ſituated on the river Severn, and very convenient for a ſmall family. For the terms of both, or either of the above houſes, apply to the ſubſcriber, perſonally, or by letter, at his ſeat on Patowmack.

RICHARD LEE.

February 2, 1784.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Thurſday the 20th day of May next, if fair, if not the next fair day,

A VERY valuable plantation, containing about five hundred and five acres of land whereon the ſubſcriber now lives, in Montgomery county, about ſeven miles from Bladenſburg, twelve miles from George-town, and the ſame diſtance from the court-houſe; the ſoil is well adapted to Indian corn, fine tobacco, and ſmall grain; on it is plenty of wood-land to ſupport the plantation, likewiſe a very valuable mill ſeat. The improvements are, a good dwelling houſe, kitchen, negro quarters, two good tobacco houſes, with all other neceſſary outhouſes, good apple and peach orchards. The terms of ſale will be made known to any perſon applying, or on the day of ſale. Poſſeſſion to be given the firſt of December next. tf

SAMUEL HARWOOD.

Annapolis, March 17, 1784.

TO BE SOLD,

THE houſes and lot in this city, late the property of Dr. George Steuart; the dwelling houſe is large and commodious, containing four rooms and a paſſage on each floor, with a good kitchen, laundry, and two cellars below, and the out buildings are, a ſtone houſe of one ſtory, 44 by 24, a ditto ſtable ſufficient for ten horſes, and a large carriage houſe, with other convenient outhouſes. The lot is well incloſed, and the garden large and in good order. For terms apply to

CHARLES and WILLIAM STEUART.

April 8, 1784.

COMET,

WILL cover mares this ſeaſon at Rural Hall, within three miles of the Woodyard, Prince-George's county, at three hundred and twenty-five pounds of crop tobacco, or three guineas paid any time within twelve months from the time of covering, and three ſhillings and nine-pence to the groom.

Comet is now arrived to that age which conſtitutes a beautiful horſe, is in high perfection, is a bright cheſnut beautifully dappled, fifteen hands and a half high, and allowed by the beſt judges to be a fine horſe; nothing can be more conſpicuous than the ſuperiority of Comet, from his foals in our ſettlement, which are large, beautiful, active and ſtrong, theſe are principals requiſite either in running or road horſes; ſome of his foals have ſold from indifferent mares for upwards of a hundred guineas in our neighbourhood. Comet is equal in pedigree to any horſe on the continent, he was got by the late colonel Tayloe's Old Yorick, his dam by Ranger, his grand-dam by Dove, both imported by Dr. Hamilton, his great grand-dam by the late colonel Taſker's Old Othello upon his noted Old Selima.

Ranger was got by Martindale's famous Regulus, his dam by Merry Andrew, his grand-dam by Steady, his great-grand-dam was the dam of Shaftoe's Old Wildair. Regulus was got by the Godolphin Arabian, his dam by the Bald Galloway. She was the noted mare called Grey Robinſon. Merry Andrew was got by Fox, his dam by Hautboy. Steady was got by Flying Childers, his dam by Grantham. Regulus won ſeven kings plates and never was beat. Good paſturage for mares gratis when they come above fifteen miles, others at three ſhillings and nine-pence per week; the greateſt care ſhall be taken but not anſwerable for accidents or eſcapes.

JOHN BROWN.

Baltimore, March 25, 1784.

For HAMBURG,

THE ſhip Catharina Maria, captain Rohlaap, now lying at Baltimore, and will ſail early in May. This veſſel, the largeſt and perhaps moſt complete ſhip for the tobacco trade that has ever been in this port, will take in ſuch part of her load as is not already engaged, ſay about three hundred hogſheads, on FREIGHT, at the moderate rate of thirty ſhillings ſterling per hogſhead. For further particulars apply to

LUKE WHEELER.

YOUNG GRANBY,

An elegant thorough bred HORSE,

WILL cover this ſeaſon, at the ſubſcriber's, near the Queen-tree, in Saint Mary's county, at the low rate of eight dollars a mare, and five ſhillings to the groom.

Young Granby is a beautiful bay, fifteen hands and an inch high, riſing eight years old, and very active. He was got by Old Granby, his dam by Old Britain, out of the noted mare Dido, imported by Mr. Delancy, of New-York. The character of Young Granby's ſire and grand-dam is ſo well known and eſtabliſhed, that further particulars of his pedigree muſt be needleſs.

Good paſturage will be provided at three ſhillings per week, and particular care taken of the mares, but I will not be anſwerable for eſcapes.

NAT. EWING.

THE truſtees, who were appointed by act of aſſembly to have a church built in Annapolis, being called on to account for the expenditure of ſome money appropriated to that uſe, requeſt all perſons who carried away the bricks and other materials, which had been provided for that purpoſe, to render without delay to Mr. Thomas Hyde, an account of the materials they reſpectively took or cauſed to be carried away.

ON the 28th of laſt month, a mulatto man, who ſaid he was a free man, and that his name was Henry Oſbourn, from Virginia, came to the ſubſcriber's at Nanjemoy warehouſe, in Charles county, Maryland, and brought with him an iron-gray gelding, near fifteen hands high, with a bob tail, and branded on the off buttock and ſhoulder, but both are imperceptible, ſo that the letters or impreſſion cannot be aſcertained; he ſwopped ſaid gelding with a perſon of the neighbourhood for another, and preſently ſet out for Annapolis, as he ſaid on his departure. Some ſuſpicions ariſing that the ſaid horſe might poſſibly not be the property of the ſaid Harry Oſbourn, he was purſued, and being thrown by the horſe he had received in exchange, in endeavouring to get off, he ſecreted himſelf in the woods. The ſaid gray gelding is ſuppoſed to be about eight years old, trots, paces and gallops, and is now in poſſeſſion of the ſubſcriber, from whom the owner may have him, on proving his property and paying reaſonable charges for keeping him.

BARTHOLOMEW FLANAGIN.

Annapolis, April 1, 1784.

WILLSON WATERS,

HAVING finiſhed his medical education, and provided himſelf with every thing neceſſary to the practice of phyſic, offers his ſervices to the public in that line, flattering himſelf, that nine years application to the different branches of medicine, under the beſt teachers in America, is a ſufficient apology for ſo doing. He has credentials from his late maſter Benjamin Ruſh, M. D. and profeſſ. chem. in the univerſity of Philadelphia, of having ſerved a regular apprenticeſhip, and obtained a methodical knowledge of his profeſſion, and certificates of having attended lectures on anatomy, ſurgery, materia medica, chymiſtry, theory and practice of phyſic, &c. Alſo letters at Mr. Chiſholm's.

Virginia, Fairfax county, March 25.

ANY perſon who will undertake to build a dwelling houſe, to contain about twelve hundred ſquare feet, will meet with good encouragement and punctual payments, by applying to the ſubſcriber, who will either furniſh materials or not, at the option of the undertaker.

G. MASON.

OTHELLO,

A BEAUTIFUL bright bay, full fifteen hands high, riſing four years old, and got by Mr. Ridgely's noted bay horſe Liberty, out of a full blooded mare, will cover this ſeaſon at the ſubſcriber's plantation, about four or five miles from Annapolis, at a guinea for the mare and half a crown to the groom. His dam's pedigree will be inſerted at length in next week's paper.

BEALE HAMMOND.

Warburton, February 8, 1784.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will preferred to the next general aſſembly of Maryland, praying that a law may paſs to prevent the putting down hedges or weirs adjoining the town of Bladenſburg, Prince-George's county.

WANTED, at Ducker's mill, on the Head of South river, a FULLER. One who can come well recommended, will meet with good encouragement, by applying to the ſubſcriber, at Mr. Thomas Rutland's plantation.

EDMUND WATMAN.

Anne Arundel county, February 21, 1784.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to make application to the general assembly at their next meeting, for a law empowering him to take into his possession and custody, as trustee, the estate real and personal of George Shipley, sen. of Anne-Arundel county, who hath been in a state of lunacy for eleven years past, and incapable of taking care of and managing his affairs, and to dispose of such part thereof as will be sufficient to discharge the debts due and owing by the said George Shipley, sen.

GEORGE SHIPLEY, jun.

Anne-Arundel county, February 18, 1784.

THE subscribers give this notice to all persons indebted to Messrs. James Dick and Stewart, for dealings at their store in Annapolis, also all those indebted to the estate of the late James Dick, of London-town, in this county, deceased, that we will attend at the house the store was formerly kept in, every Tuesday and Friday, and at London-town the remainder of the week, until the first day of May next, to receive and settle the accounts due to the above; those who have it not in their power at present to pay must renew their bonds, and settle their open accounts by bond or note. We hope this will be duly attended to as it will be the means of preventing the prosecution of measures disagreeable to them, but must take place unless payments are made, or satisfaction given.

MARY M'CULLOCH,
CHARLES STEUART,
JAMES M'CULLOCH,
} executors of James Dick.

Annapolis, March 4, 1784.

TO BE SOLD,

FOUR likely young healthy negro fellows, for cash, tobacco, or crop notes. For particulars enquire of Mr. Abraham Claude, watchmaker, West-street, near the town-gate.

CUB,

WHO stood at general Spotswood's last year, and bred by colonel Francis Thornton, is in high perfection at the subscriber's, near Young's ferry, and will cover mares the ensuing season at twenty dollars, and half a crown to the groom, if paid down or by the first day of August, if not, eight hundred pounds of crop tobacco must be paid in lieu thereof by the first day of April 1785.

Cub was got by colonel Tayloe's Old Yorick, his dam by Morton's Traveller out of Betty Blazella. Cub's dam by Silver-Legs, his grand-dam was bred by Mr. Hodgson, of Yorkshire, and was got by Cub, son of Old Fox, and the Warlock Galloway, her dam by Torresmond, son of Bolton Sterling, and Young Cade's dam, her grand-dam by second brother to Snip, her great-grand-dam by Mogul, brother to Babram, her great-great-grand-dam by Sweepstakes, sire of the dam of Whistle-Jacket, her great-great-great-grand-dam by Bay Bolton, and a sister to Sloven, her great-great-great-great-great-grand-dam by Curnier's Barb, her great-great-great-great-great-grand-dam by Curnier's Old Spot, and her great-great-great-great-great-great-great-grand-dam by the White Legged Lowther Barb.

The great performance of Cub's colts on the turf, added to his superior elegance of figure, renders him in estimation equal to any horse on the continent.

I have pasturage equal to any in the state at half a dollar per week, but will not be answerable for escapes or other accidents.

6w WILLIAM COURTS.

London-town, March 25, 1784.

THE subscriber being properly prepared for receiving a large quantity of hides and skins to tan and curry, takes this method of informing those who choose to favour him with their custom, that they may depend on being served with punctuality and care. All hides or skins not taken away within thirteen months after they are delivered, the owners must expect to forfeit one half of the leather for tanning the other.

EDWARD SEPTON.

N. B. I will give the best price for any quantity of bark fit for tanning already got, or that may be cured this spring; likewise for green or dry hides.

February 28, 1784.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly of Maryland to pass an act, empowering him to confirm the sale of a tract or parcel of land, commonly called and known by the name of Harvey-town, lying in St. Mary's county, to William Carpenter, who purchased the same under the last will and testament of Charles King, jun. late of the said county, deceased. 8w

CHARLES KING, executor of Charles King, junior.

Upper Marlborough, March 4, 1784.

THE general assembly of Maryland, at their last session, passed a law for the relief of the subscribers, securities of Thomas Williams, late collector of the tax for Prince-George's county, wherein we were appointed and fully empowered to receive the books and vouchers of said Thomas Williams, and proceed on with the collection of the residue of the tax for the said county, provided, the said Thomas Williams did *not*, within twenty days from the passing of the said law, and after receiving notice of the same, render to his securities a sufficient bond of indemnification, to be approved by the commissioners of the tax for the county aforesaid: And inasmuch as the said Thomas Williams did *not* comply with the provision aforesaid, although duly informed, repeatedly called upon, and even indulged therein until the day of his death, neither will his representatives take upon themselves the exoneration of us the securities, by passing a bond of indemnity, therefore the painful and troublesome task of a general retrospect, and final liquidation of every person's account in the county aforesaid, with respect to the payment of state taxes for the three years in which he acted as collector, unavoidably devolves on us—from whence proceeds this public notice—that as there is still due to the treasury upwards of twenty-seven thousand pounds for the three respective years inclusive, the natural presumption is, that *that* sum is still in the hands of the people, for we *know* that inability in some and neglect in others has contributed largely to the procrastination of the payment of taxes, which the expences of a necessary war, happily concluded, could not fail to render burthensome; and we *believe* our predecessor was too honest to withhold the public's money; that his misfortunes proceeded from his lenity and natural benevolence; but however unjustifiable such lenient conduct might be in him, when touching the public's weal, surely, in us, it would be thought doubly culpable, and highly abusive of that confidence which the general assembly of this state has shewn us. To talk or think of indulgence at this time of day would be trifling with the business indeed. Yet at the same time that we are determined to pursue the most rigorous exertions of the law for our own safety, and do justice to the confidence placed in us, we mean not to lose sight of the feelings of humanity, or take the people unapprised, many of whom to this moment owe very large balances; and therefore will forbear all executions, except in cases where it is absolutely necessary, until the first day of May next; by which time, a fair state of the accounts shall be made out, and after which time, with those who neglect to pay, an indiscriminate execution will take place; to avoid which, we do most earnestly pray all that's indebted to make payment. The accumulation of fees, which would consequently arise on executions (should we be reduced to so disagreeable an alternative) is no object with us; to finally close the business is our only aim; our little is pledged for the faithful performance of a man, whom it pleased God to take off before he had finished the work; it therefore remains with us to complete; in which, not only our own, but the preservation of a widow and a number of innocent children, depends; excitement sufficient to induce men to do more than pay their just and *necessary* debts. Mr. Walter Chandler, who was conversant with the business in the life time of the collector, has the books in Upper Marlborough, free for the examination of every individual who considers himself interested in the event.

THOMAS HARWOOD 3d,
JOHN SMITH BROOKES,
RINALDO JOHNSON,
ELISHA BERRY.

Charles county, February 26, 1784.

THE subscriber requests all persons indebted to the estate of William Reynolds, late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, to discharge their respective balances without further delay. After the very long indulgence which has been given, he flatters himself that this reasonable request will be generally complied with. From those who have it not in their power to pay he will accept of bond with security, but suits will be commenced in all cases without respect to persons, where a settlement is not made in one of the ways above mentioned, on or before the first day of May next.

ALEXANDER TRUEMAN, administrator de bonis non of William Reynolds, deceased.

Annapolis, April 2, 1784.

RAN away from the subscriber, on Sunday last, a dark mulatto man, named LAMB, about 25 years of age, five feet five or six inches high, a carpenter by trade; had on when he went away a short blue jacket, a pair of osnabrig trowsers, a Russia sheeting shirt; also took with him a suit of soldiers cloathing. It is supposed he will pass as a freeman. He absconded on account of his being chastised for his ill behaviour, and if examined may be discovered. Whoever will bring him home, or secure him, so that his master may get him again, shall receive ten pounds reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JOSHUA FRAZIER.

Charles county, April 1, 1784.

ALL persons having claims on bonds or notes against the estate of Mr. John Amery, formerly of Cæcil county, deceased, are desired to take notice, that unless they bring in the said bonds or notes, in two months from the date hereof, that the subscriber after that time will apply the balance of the estate in his hands to the payment of open accounts.

SAMUEL AMERY, administrator of John Amery.

Auditor's-office, Annapolis, April 7, 1784.

MANY fraudulent attempts having been made upon the public in order to obtain depreciation of pay, by men who had been soldiers in the continental army, but had forfeited their claim to it, either by desertion, or after their discharge had joined the British army and navy: To prevent such imposition, the auditor of the state of Maryland gives notice, that no certificates will be issued by him to, or on account of, any person whatever, without the original discharge is produced, or a certificate by an officer of the regiment and company to which such soldier belonged at the time of his discharge, specifying the times of enlistment and discharge, and a certificate from some person of good character, who is well known in Annapolis, shewing his good behaviour since his discharge. And as forged orders have frequently been presented, the auditor further gives notice, that he will not hereafter issue certificates to any other than the persons themselves on whose account they are issued.

C. RICHMOND.

Annapolis, April 1, 1784.

To be SOLD at PRIVATE SALE,

THE houses and lots now occupied by the subscriber, in the city of Annapolis. Credit will be given, if required, for the purchase money. For terms apply to

NATHANIEL RAMSEY.

Annapolis, December 30, 1783.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber has received a power of attorney from Judith Doyle, the widow and administratrix of James Maw, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, to settle and adjust all her affairs relating to the late James Maw's estate, all those who have claims against the same, are desired to bring them in duly authenticated on or before the first day of May 1784, as on that day the said estate will be finally settled, and all those who are indebted to the said James Maw, or Judith Doyle, are requested to settle their accounts and make immediate payment to

JOHN CRISALL.

St. Mary's county.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the general assembly of this state, at their next sitting, for an act to empower her to sell a negro woman called Judy, and her increase, which were willed her on certain conditions, (to be set forth in the petition) by Sarah Yates, late of this county, deceased. 8w

SARAH MUIR.

Intendant's-office, March 15, 1784.

A SKILFUL architect who will undertake to repair the stadt-house, in Annapolis, may meet with proper encouragement by applying to

DANIEL *of St. Thomas* JENIFER, *intendant.*

April 8, 1784.

SEVERAL lots of ground near the dock, in Annapolis, to be let. The terms may be known by application to Mr. Francis Fairbrother.

To be SOLD, at the POST-OFFICE.

POCKET BIBLES,
Blank books of various sizes,
Wafers, black and red wax,
Ink stands and chests,
Black lead pencils,
Quills, ink-powder,
Gilt letter paper, and
Pocket books,

Where may also be had blank bonds, bills of exchange, bills of lading, &c. &c.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by F. and S. GREEN, at the POST-OFFICE, *Charles-Street.*